# 

Thank you for your interest in the George Massey Crossing Project.

#### The purpose of this engagement is to provide an update and seek feedback on:

- Project work to date
- Planning process and how you can be involved
- Options development and technical analysis
- Upcoming Phase 1 improvements
- Next steps

#### Please submit your comments by February 26, 2020

- **Online at:** masseytunnel.ca
- **In person:** at today's **information session**
- GeorgeMasseyCrossingSCR@gov.bc.ca By email:

#### **George Massey Crossing Project**





## **George Massey Crossing Project**



## **Project Overview**

In December 2018, the Province committed to engaging with Indigenous groups and the region to identify an appropriate crossing solution for the tunnel, and to release a business case for a preferred solution by fall 2020. The planning and engagement process led by the Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure includes:

### WINTER-SPRING 2019



### **DEVELOP SHARED PRINCIPLES, GOALS AND OBJECTIVES**

Worked with Indigenous groups, Metro Vancouver, TransLink, Fraser River municipalities and key regional agencies



on draft results

solution(s); seek public feedback

#### SPRING-FALL 2020

#### **DEVELOP BUSINESS CASE**

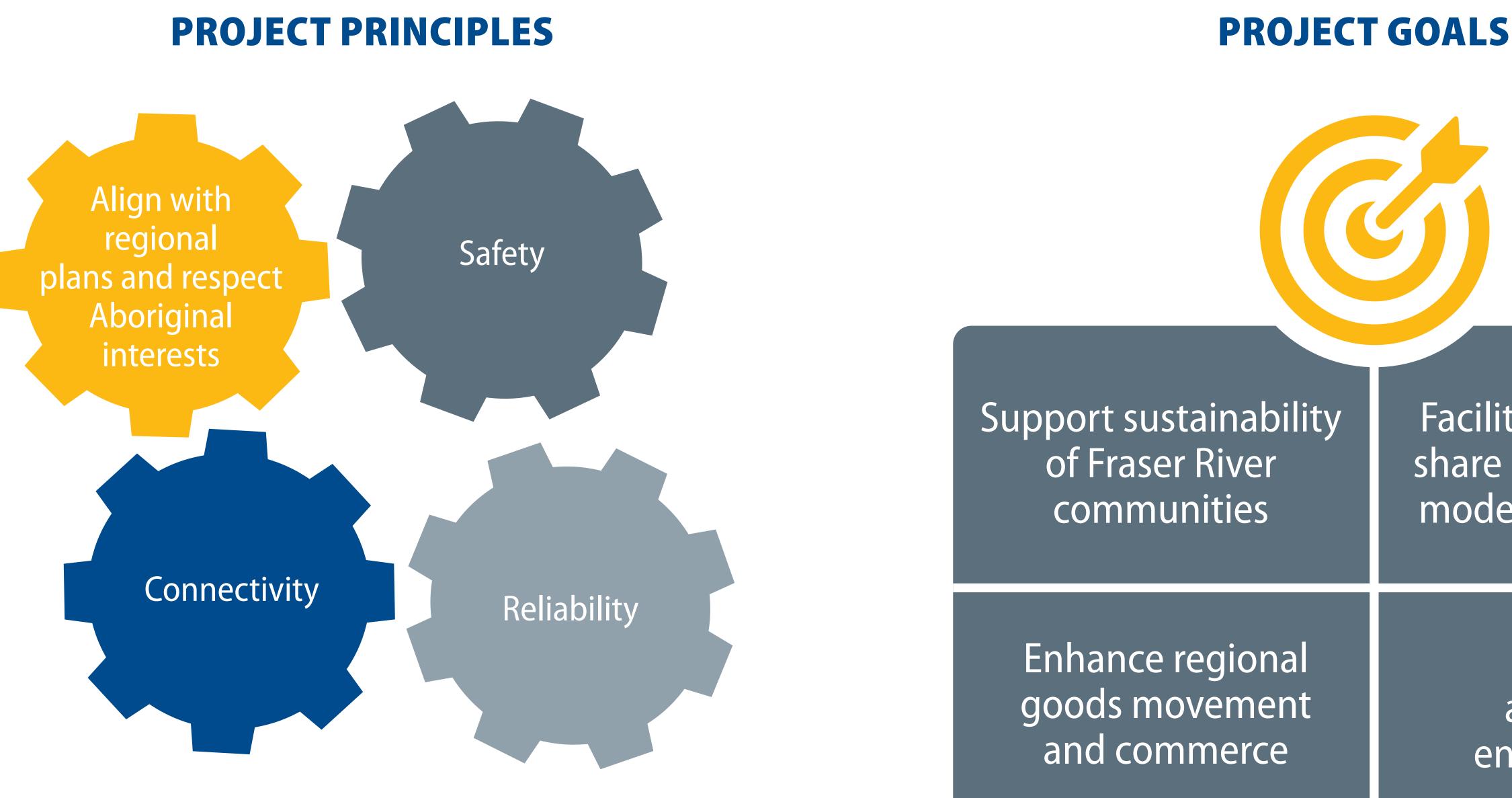
The Province will continue engagement as appropriate and prepare a detailed business case





## **Shared Principles, Goals and Objectives**

In April 2019, the Metro Vancouver Board endorsed these shared principles, goals and objectives, and established a Task Force to work with the ministry to develop and assess options.



#### **PROJECT OBJECTIVES**

To measure effectiveness of potential options in achieving each goal. (Please refer to the Technology Analysis Summary display board for details.)

The Project Principles, Goals and Objectives Engagement Summary Report is available on the Project website.

Facilitate increased share of sustainable modes of transport

> Support a healthy environment





## **Potential Solutions: Process and Results to Date**

#### **APR 2019**

Developed evaluation framework to identify and shortlist potential solutions.

#### **MAY 2019**

Workshop with staff from Metro Vancouver, TransLink, Richmond, Delta and Tsawwassen First Nation confirmed 18 potential options.

#### **OPTIONS** ANALYSIS

#### **THE 18 OPTIONS:**

- Between 6 and 8 lanes, with consideration for counterflow
- With and without the existing tunnel
- Provision for transit, cyclists and pedestrians
- Range of structural technologies, including deep bored tunnels, immersed tube tunnels and long-span bridges

The long-list of options, evaluation framework and short-list of options are available on the Project website.

#### **JUN–JUL 2019**

Assessed the options and shortlisted to six.

#### **AUG-SEP 2019**

Evaluated the shortlisted options against the objectives established for each of the project goals and further shortlisted to two leading options.

#### **THE SIX SHORTLISTED OPTIONS:**

All options include 2 lanes for transit and cycling/pedestrian paths.



- 8-lane deep bored tunnel with cycling/pedestrian paths in existing tunnel
- 8-lane immersed tube tunnel **3** 8-lane bridge



6-lane deep bored tunnel with transit lanes and cycling/pedestrian paths in existing tunnel



5 6-lane immersed tube tunnel with transit lanes and cycling/pedestrian paths in existing tunnel

6 lane bridge with transit lanes and cycling/pedestrian paths in existing tunnel

#### **OCT-NOV 2019**

Metro Vancouver Task Force identified an 8-lane immersed tube tunnel as their preferred option, which the Metro Vancouver Board subsequently endorsed.

#### TODAY

Engagement with participating First Nations is ongoing. This work, combined with ongoing technical work and feedback from the public will help to identify the ministry's preferred solution and develop the business case.

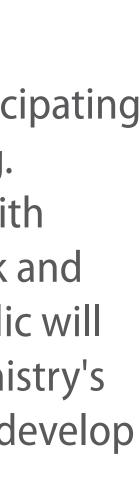
#### **FINAL SHORTLIST:**

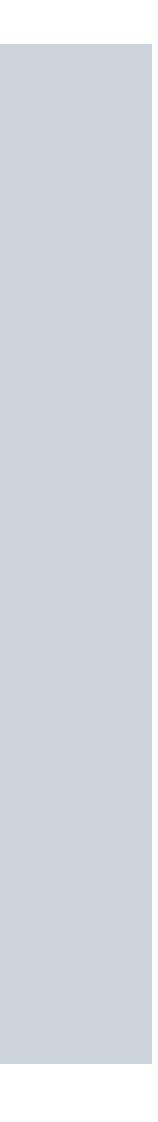
8-lane immersed tube tunnel





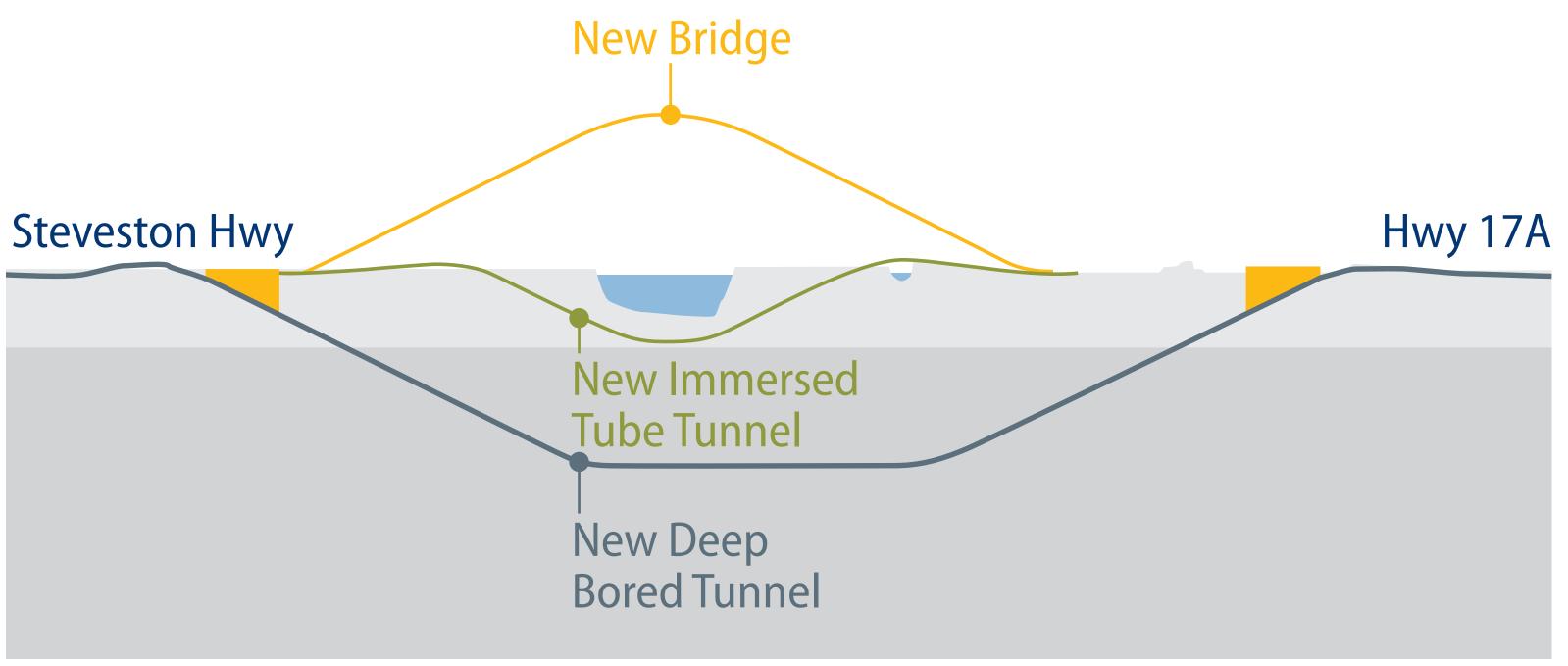








## Highlights of Options Analysis to Date



*Relative height/depths of options explored* 

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#### **An 8-lane crossing with transit** priority shortlisted.

- 6-lane crossing generates significant benefits in the off-peak direction on Hwy 99 and provides some peak direction benefits.
- 8-lane crossing with transit priority incentivizes transit use.
- 8-lanes without transit priority generates overall network benefits but limits transit benefits.

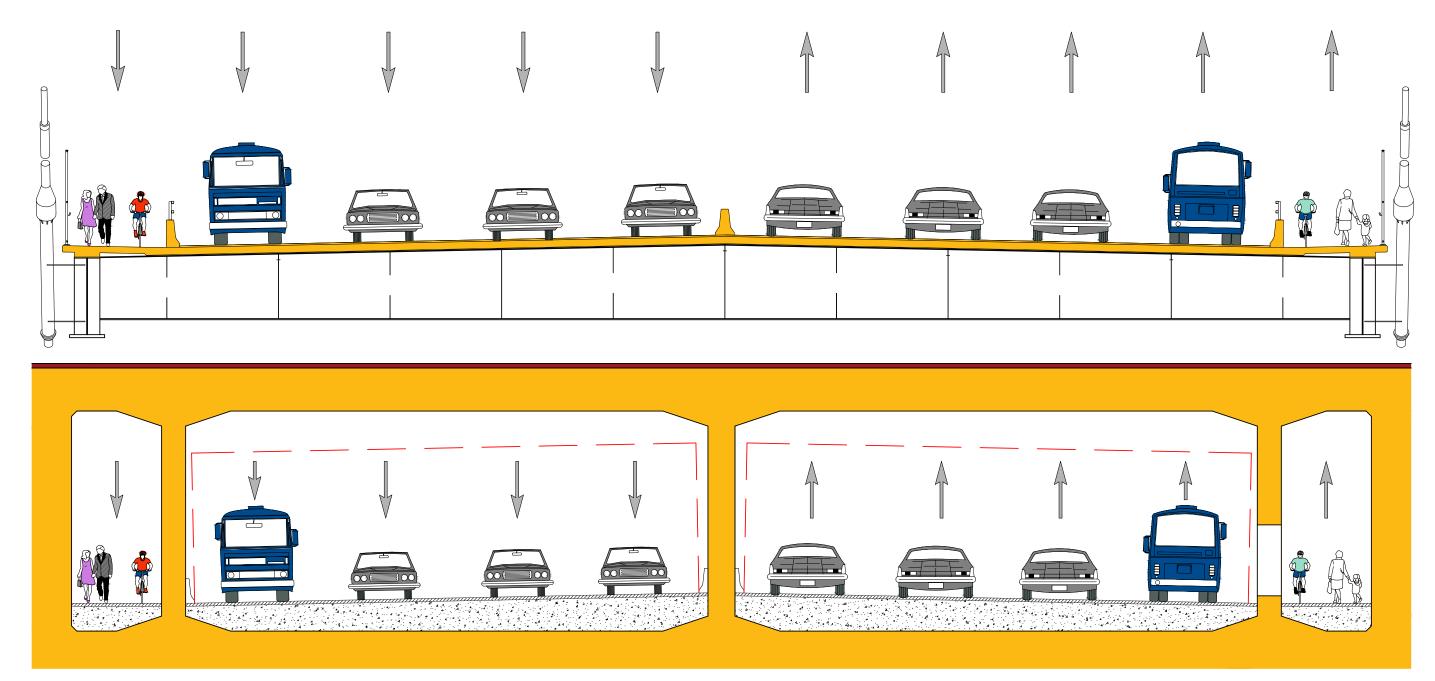
#### **ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Active transportation was included** in all options.

All agencies supported incorporating pedestrian and cycling facilities.

- If used for transportation, the existing tunnel requires costly upgrades and extends the environmental review timeline.





Bridge lanes (top) and immersed tube tunnel lanes (bottom)

### **EXISTING TUNNEL**

#### The existing tunnel will remain for utilities only.

• During operations, the use of the existing tunnel would add up to five minutes for transit travel times and reduce transit reliability.

#### **TRANSIT**

#### **One lane in each direction designated** for transit was shortlisted.

- All agencies supported lane dedication to enhance transit reliability and convenience, and protect for future
  - rail-based rapid transit.

### **TECHNOLOGY Deep bored tunnel options eliminated.**

• To avoid liquefiable soils, maintain buoyancy and maintain a reasonable grade, a deep bored tunnel would have to be constructed to a depth of 78 meters – more than double the depth of the existing tunnel.

• The tunnel would extend beyond the Hwy 17 and Steveston Hwy interchanges, creating a need for new and complex connections on either side at significantly higher cost.

• Risk of sink holes during construction.





## **Technology Analysis Summary**

### The following table summarizes the analysis of technologies using a multiple accounts evaluation process and the framework based on the project goals.

GOAL	DEEP BORED TUNNEL	IMMERSED TUBE TUNNEL	
<b>SUPPORT COMMUNITY SUSTAINABILITY</b> Safety, access, congestion, cultural values, connections, Agricultural Land Reserve and productivity, schedule, shared decisions	<ul> <li>Schedule and public safety risk of sink hole</li> <li>Impact on agricultural land</li> <li>Longest schedule for completion</li> <li>Significant ground densification</li> <li>Not possible to connect to River Road West</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Minimal to no river impact after construction</li> <li>Minimal property impact</li> </ul>	
<b>INCREASE SHARE OF SUSTAINABLE MODES</b> Enhance transit service, walking and cycling connections; encourage HOV, protect for future rail transit	<ul> <li>Longer distance for all traffic, including transit, due to interchange impacts</li> <li>Too steep for cyclists and pedestrians</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Transit, cyclists and pedestrians are well-served</li> <li>Cyclists and pedestrians protected from the elements</li> </ul>	
<b>ENHANCE REGIONAL GOODS</b> <b>MOVEMENT</b> <i>Goods movement reliability,</i> <i>support tourism, protect fishing</i> <i>and industrial land productivity</i>	<ul> <li>Reduced off-peak congestion</li> <li>Longer travel distances</li> <li>Road network impacts during construction</li> </ul>	Reduced off-peak congestion	
<b>SUPPORT A HEALTHY ENVIRONMENT</b> <i>Avoid loss of habitat; improve</i> <i>habitat, recreation, GHGs</i>	<ul> <li>Minimal in-river impact, but unavoidable sink hole risk</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Significant in-river effects for construction</li> <li>Greatest opportunity for enhancements</li> </ul>	
ALIGNED SOMEWHAT ALIGNED NOT ALIGNED			



BRIDGE		
•	Limited property effects	
•	Transit, cyclists and pedestrians are well-served Cyclists and pedestrians must climb first; exposed to the elements	
•	Reduced off-peak congestion	
•	Minimal in-river impacts Habitat loss and recreational area loss for pier construction	





## Immersed Tube Tunnel Concept

### **Key Considerations:**

- Separated and covered multi-use pathways
- Similar grade as bridge
- Low property impact
- Improved connectivity within Deas Island Regional Park
- In-river impacts during construction
- Potential for in-river habitat enhancement
- Ventilation system designed to modern standards
- Emergency systems designed to modern standards, including fire detection, response and communications
- Shorter crossing, compared to bridge
- Comparable cost to bridge

#### **Est. Schedule:**

- 3 years for environmental review
- 5 years for construction

Be sure to view the flythrough animation!











## Long-span Bridge Concept

### Key Considerations:

- Separated multi-use pathways
- Similar grade as tunnel
- Land-side property impacts, including Deas Island Regional Park
- No piers in the Fraser River; however, piers required in Deas Slough
- Long-term noise, light, visual and shading effects
- Local construction expertise
- Longer crossing, compared to a tunnel
- Comparable cost to immersed tube tunnel

#### **Est. Schedule:**

- 1–2 years for environmental review
- 5 years for construction





Be sure to view the flythrough animation!







## **Environmental, Cultural and Heritage Considerations**

The environmental assessment will include a detailed review of environmental, cultural and heritage considerations; ongoing engagement with participating First Nations; and recommendations for mitigation measures to address impacts.

Recognizing potential for environmental effects, the ministry is exploring opportunities to enhance the Fraser River as part



### What ideas do you have?

The Province is committed to sound environmental management. The selected project option will be subject to a formal and rigorous environmental review process, with additional and focused consultation.

> of the project, such as fish, wetland and marshland habitat creation and enhancement, improved water quality management, etc.

Fisheries workshops with participating First Nations are scheduled to take place this winter.







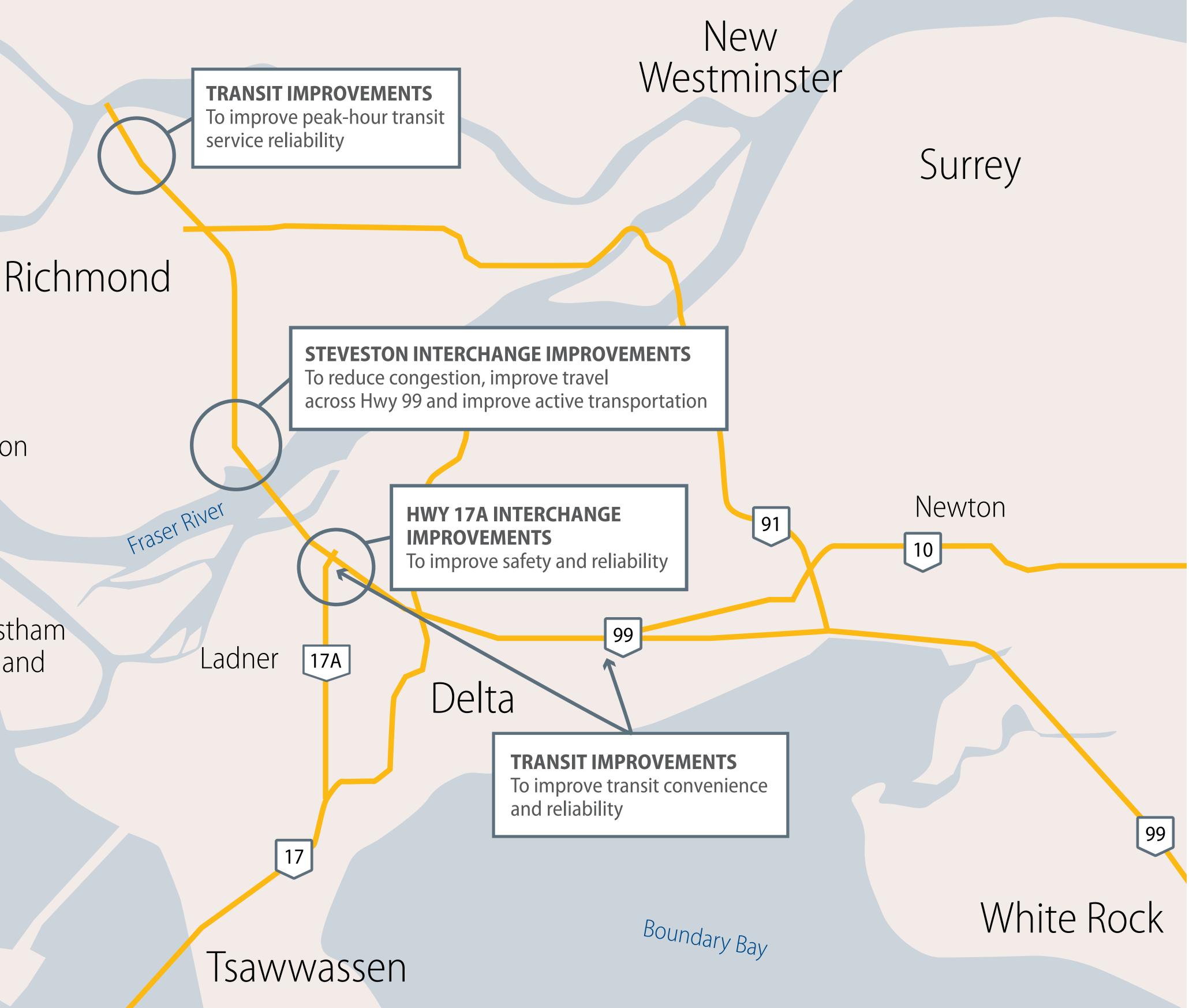
## **Keeping People Moving: Phase 1 Improvements in Progress**

With immediate safety improvements underway, the Province is collaborating with the region, local municipalities and participating First Nations to develop interim improvements (Phase 1) as a preliminary solution to address congestion on Highway 99. These will be completed while planning for a long-term solution (Phase 2) continues.

Options under consideration are shown in the map.

Steveston Westham Island

Phase 1 improvements are expected to be tender-ready by fall 2020.











### **Target Timeline** Subject to completion of engagement and funding



#### **WINTER 2020**

Public engagement



#### WINTER-SPRING 2020

Ongoing engagement with participating First Nations

### FOR MORE **INFORMATION:**

masseytunnel.ca

Thank you for participating. Please complete a comment form (available here and online) by February 26, 2020.



#### **FALL 2020**

Complete business case

**Tender Phase 1** improvements

2021

Initiate environmental review

## **VISIT THE PROJECT WEBSITE**

### **SIGN UP FOR E-UPDATES** GeorgeMasseyCrossingSCR@gov.bc.ca





Procurement and construction